

## **Drought Status Report**

## May 2012

May is normally a dry month statewide, and this year was no exception. In the past 30 days only one storm system moved through the state, and it brought only light to moderate rainfall to central and southern Arizona leaving the northern watersheds dry.

The drought impacts at this time include very low stream flow in most of the state and dry rangeland conditions. Stock ponds are low or empty, necessitating water hauling for both livestock and wildlife. The forests are very dry,

May 29, 2012 U.S. Drought Monitor Valid 7 a.m. EST Arizona 100.00 96.08 82.74 16.29 0.00 0.00 Last Week 0.00 100.00 96.08 82.74 16.29 5/22/2012 map 3 Months Ago 0.47 0.00 99.53 91.72 40.36 0.00 28/2012 m Start of lendar Year 16.70 83.30 60.34 2.78 36.56 (12/27/2011 map) Start of Water Year (09/27/2011 map) 0.02 1.67 99.98 69.76 42.81 15.34 One Year Ago (05/24/2011 map 22.51 77.49 56.26 28.69 15.59 Intensity: D0 Abnormally Dry D3 Drought - Extreme D4 Drought - Exceptional D1 Drought - Moderate D2 Drought - Severe The Drought Monitor focuses on broad-scale conditions. USDA Local conditions may vary. See accompanying text summary for forecast statements Released Thursday, May 31, 2012 http://droughtmonitor.unl.edu Brad Rippey, U.S. Department of Agricu

and strong winds over the past month have increased the fire danger and helped fan the flames of several fires in Arizona and New Mexico. The high fire danger is not expected to decrease until the monsoon rainfall begins.

The forecasts call for warmer than normal conditions through the end of the year, but there are no good indicators of how wet or dry the monsoon may be.

Summary produced by the State Drought Monitoring Technical Committee - June 5, 2012.